

Answers to Selected Even-Numbered Problems

Please note that answers are not provided for the following type of even-numbered problems:

- Concept Problems.
- Computer Problems.
- Design Problems.

For Concept and Computer problems, please consult the solutions manual.

Chapter 1

1.2 $(r_{B/A})_\ell = 3.883 \text{ ft}$

1.4 $\vec{r}_{B/A}|_{xy \text{ system}} = (4.000 \hat{i} - 1.000 \hat{j}) \text{ ft}$

$$\vec{r}_{B/A}|_{pq \text{ system}} = (3.313 \hat{u}_p - 2.455 \hat{u}_q) \text{ ft}$$

$$|\vec{r}_{B/A}|_{xy \text{ system}} = |\vec{r}_{B/A}|_{pq \text{ system}} = 4.123 \text{ ft}$$

1.6 $\vec{v} = (79.68 \hat{i} + 7.190 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}$

1.8 $\theta = 3.229 \text{ rad}$

$$\phi = 0.08731 \text{ rad}$$

1.10 $v_r = 504.6 \text{ ft/s}$ and $v_\theta = -353.3 \text{ ft/s}$

1.12 $\phi = 101.1^\circ$

1.14 $x_{P2} = -0.7679 \text{ ft}$ and $y_{P2} = 5.330 \text{ ft}$


1.16 $\vec{v}_A = -(20.02 \hat{i} + 12.81 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}$ and $\vec{a}_A = (-1.414 \hat{i} + 4.243 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}^2$

1.18 $r = 26.36 \text{ mm}$

1.20 $[I_{xx}] = [I_{yy}] = [I_{zz}] = ML^2$

Units of I_{xx} , I_{yy} , and I_{zz} in the SI system: $\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$,

Units of I_{xx} , I_{yy} , and I_{zz} in the U.S. Customary system: $\text{slug}\cdot\text{ft}^2 = \text{lb}\cdot\text{s}^2\cdot\text{ft}$.

1.22  Concept problem.

1.24 the units of E are $\text{kg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{s}^2)$.

Chapter 2

2.2  Concept Problem

2.4  Concept Problem

$$2.6 \quad \Delta \vec{r}_1 = 8.747 \hat{u}_r \text{ m} \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta \vec{r}_2 = 13.73 \hat{u}_r \text{ m}$$

$$(\vec{v}_{\text{avg}})_1 = 5.467 \hat{u}_r \text{ m/s} \quad \text{and} \quad (\vec{v}_{\text{avg}})_2 = 8.579 \hat{u}_r \text{ m/s}$$

$$2.8 \quad \vec{v} = (-154.0 \hat{i} + 266.7 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}$$

$$2.10 \quad \vec{v} = (145.4 \hat{i} + 69.81 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}$$

$$2.12 \quad \Delta \vec{v}_1 = -(0.4623 \hat{i} + 0.08155 \hat{j}) \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Delta \vec{v}_2 = -(0.002550 \hat{i} + 0.0004499 \hat{j}) \text{ m/s}$$

$$2.14 \quad \theta_1 = 12.21^\circ \quad \text{and} \quad \theta_2 = -17.30^\circ$$

$$\phi_1 = 102.2^\circ \quad \text{and} \quad \phi_2 = 72.70^\circ$$

$$2.16 \quad \phi(x) = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{3 + 4x}{\sqrt{10 + 24x + 16x^2}} \right)$$

$$2.18 \quad \vec{a}_{\text{avg}} = (-0.04588 \hat{i} + 3.886 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$\vec{a}_{\text{avg}} - \vec{a}(5 \text{ s}) = (-0.001154 \hat{i} - 0.003175 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$2.20 \quad \Delta \vec{r} = \vec{0}$$

$$\vec{v}_{\text{avg}} = \vec{0}$$

$$d = 1.394 \text{ ft}$$

$$v_{\text{avg}} = 0.3485 \text{ ft/s}$$

2.22  Computer Problem

$$2.24 \quad v_{\text{max}} = 2v_0 = 58.67 \text{ ft/s} \quad \text{and} \quad v_{\text{min}} = 0 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$y_{v_{\text{min}}} = 0 \text{ ft} \quad \text{and} \quad y_{v_{\text{max}}} = 2R = 2.300 \text{ ft}$$

$$\vec{a}_{v_{\text{min}}} = \frac{v_0^2}{R} \hat{j} = (748.2 \text{ ft/s}^2) \hat{j} \quad \text{and} \quad \vec{a}_{v_{\text{max}}} = -\frac{v_0^2}{R} \hat{j} = (-748.2 \text{ ft/s}^2) \hat{j}$$

$$2.26 \quad \ddot{x} = \frac{8v_0^2 a^3}{(y^2 + 4a^2)^2}$$

$$\ddot{y} = \frac{-4v_0^2 a^2 y}{(y^2 + 4a^2)^2}$$

$$2.28 \quad \vec{v} = (203.2 \hat{i} + 117.3 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}$$

$$\vec{a} = (-27.53 \hat{i} + 47.69 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$2.30 \quad v_{\text{max}} = 80.82 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$2.32 \quad \vec{v} = (51.32 \hat{i} - 1.046 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}$$

$$\vec{a} = -(0.3873 \hat{i} + 19.00 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$2.34 \quad v = \omega \sqrt{d^2 - x^2} \sqrt{1 + h^2 \left(\frac{x}{d^2} - \frac{x^3}{d^4} \right)^2}$$

$$v = 0.5236 \text{ ft/s}, \quad v = 0.4554 \text{ ft/s}, \quad \text{and} \quad v = 0$$

$$2.36 \quad \vec{v}_A = -(72.00 \hat{i} + 96.00 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}$$

$$\vec{a}_A = (460.8 \hat{i} - 345.6 \hat{j}) \text{ ft/s}^2$$

2.38  Computer Problem

$$2.40 \quad t_{\text{braking}} = 7.854 \text{ s}$$

$$2.42 \quad |a|_{\text{max}} = 3.600 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$(t_{|a_{\text{max}}|})_1 = 3.927 \text{ s} \quad \text{and} \quad (t_{|a_{\text{max}}|})_2 = 11.78 \text{ s}$$

$$(s_{|a_{\text{max}}|})_1 = 12.84 \text{ m} \quad \text{and} \quad (s_{|a_{\text{max}}|})_2 = 128.5 \text{ m}$$

2.44 Largest distance traveled in 1 s is $d = 0.2667 \text{ m}$, corresponding to $a = \beta_1 \sqrt{t}$

$$2.46 \quad v(0) = -0.08000 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$2.48 \quad v_0 = 10.10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$2.50 \quad a_c = 22.36 \text{ g}$$

$$2.52 \quad t_{\text{stop}} = 2.880 \text{ s}$$

$$2.54 \quad \eta = 98.10 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$2.56 \quad \dot{x} = \{7.000 \sin[(1.000 \text{ rad/s})t] + 10.50 \cos[(0.5000 \text{ rad/s})t] - 10.50\} \text{ m/s}$$

$$x = \{7.000 - 7.000 \cos[(1.000 \text{ rad/s})t] + 21.00 \sin[(0.5000 \text{ rad/s})t] - (10.50 \text{ s}^{-1})t\} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$2.58 \quad t_{\text{stop}} = 0.2233 \text{ s}$$

$$2.60 \quad v_{\text{term}} = 4.998 \text{ m/s}$$

$$2.62 \quad |v|_{\text{max}} = 1.128 \text{ m/s}$$

$$s_{|v|_{\text{max}}} = 0.1250 \text{ m} \quad \text{and} \quad s_{|v|_{\text{max}}} = -0.1250 \text{ m}$$

$$2.64 \quad v(t) = \frac{mg}{C_d} \left(1 - e^{-C_d t/m} \right)$$

$$v_{\text{term}} = \frac{mg}{C_d}$$

$$2.66 \quad v_f = 3.563 \text{ m/s}$$

2.68  Computer Problem